EVERLIGHT

Surface - Mount Ambient Light Sensor

ALS-PT17-51C/L177/TR8

Features

- Close responsively to the human eye spectrum
- Light to Current, analog output
- Good output linearity across wide illumination range
- Low sensitivity variation across various light sources
- \cdot Guaranteed temperature performance, -40°C to 85°C
- Wide supply voltage range, 2.5V to 5.5V
- Size : 2.0mm(L)*1.25mm(W)*0.8mm(H)
- RoHS compliant and Pb Free package

Description

The ALS-PT17-51C/L177/TR8 is a low cost ambient light sensor, consisting of phototransistor in miniature SMD. EVERLIGHT ALS series product are a good effective solution to the power saving of display backlighting of mobile appliances, such as the mobile phones, NB and PDAs. Due to the high rejection ratio of infrared radiation, the spectral response of the ambient light sensor is close to that of human eyes.

Applications

 Detection of ambient light to control display backlighting Mobile devices – mobile phones, PDAs Computing device – TFT LCD monitor for Notebook computer Consumer device – TFT LCD TV, plasma TV, video camera, digital camera, toys

- Automatic residential and commercial management
- Automatic contrast enhancement for electronic signboard
- Ambient light monitoring device for daylight and artificial light
 – Street light, CCD/CCTV





Package Dimensions







Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5~6.0	V
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40 ~ +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40 ~ +100	°C
Soldering Temperature Range [Note1]	T _{sol}	260 ± 10	°C

Note1: For detail reflow time and the recommended temperature profile, please refer to page 8.

Recommended Operating Conditions (Ta=25)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40	+85	°C
Supply Voltage	Vcc	2.5	5.5	V

Rankings

Bin	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Test Condition	
1		7	12			
2	I _{PH(ON)}	12	17	μA	V _{CE} =5V Ev=100Lux	
3		17	23		EV=100Eux	



ALS-PT17-51C/L177/TR8

Surface - Mount Ambient Light Sensor

Electrical and Optical Characteristics (Ta=25)

Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Test Condition	
Dark Current	I _{CEO}			0.1	uA	V _{CE} =10V, Ev= 0Lux	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V _{CE(sat)}			0.4	V	I _c =2mA, Ev= 1000Lux	
Light Current	I _{PH1}	7	15	23	uA	V _{CE} =5V, Ev= 100Lx [Note1]	
	I _{PH2}	200	320	440	uA	V _{CE} =5V, Ev= 1000Lx [Note1]	
	I _{PH3}	950	1520	2090	uA	V _{CE} =5V, Ev= 1000Lx	
Photocurrent Ratio	I _{РН3} / I _{РН2}		4.8			V _{CE} =5V, Ev= 1000Lx	
Saturation Output Voltage	Vo	4.5	4.6		V	Vcc=5V, Ev= 1000Lx R _L =75K ^[Note2]	
Peak Sensitivity Wavelength	λ _p		630		nm		
Sensitivity Wavelength Range	λ	390		700	nm		
Rise time	tr		0.11		ms	V _{CC} = 5 V	
Fall time	tf		0.22		ms	$R_L = 7.5 K\Omega$	

Note:

1. White Fluorescent light (Color Temperature = 6500K) is used as light source. However, White LED is substituted in mass production.

2. Illuminance by CIE standard illuminant-A / 2856K, incandescent lamp.

EVERLIGHT

Surface - Mount

Ambient Light Sensor

ALS-PT17-51C/L177/TR8

Light Current vs. Illuminance Fig.2 Output Voltage vs. Illuminance Fig.1 (typ.) (typ.) 10 1 Ta=25°C; Vcc=5V - Flourescent Light - incandescent Lamp Output Current (mA) Ouput Voltage Vo (V) 0.1 0.1 0.0 Ta=25°C ; Vcc=5V 1E-: - Fluorescent light RL=1KΩ . . . Fluorescent light RL=7.5KΩ 0.01 Fluorescent light RL=75KΩ 1E-4 1000 100 10 10000 10000 100 1000 10 Illuminance Ev (Lux) Illuminance Ev (Lux) Fig.3 Spectral Response Fig.4 Light current vs. Supply Voltage (typ.) 10000 (typ.) $V_{CE} = 5V$ E_v = 100 Lux 1.0 1000 Light current (uA) 0.8 Relative responsivity 100 0.6 0.4 10 0.2 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 0.0 🛏 400 500 800 900 1000 1100 600 700 Supply voltage (V) Wavelength (nm) Light Current vs. Temperature Fig.5 Fig.6 Dark Current vs. Temperature (typ.) (typ.) 100000 $V_{ce} = 7V$ 10000 10000 $E_{\overline{a}} = 0 Lux$ 5 V $V_{ce} = 5V$ $E_{v} = 100 Lux$ 1000 1000 Dark current (nA) current (uA) 100 100 10 Light 10 0.1 0.01 └─ -60 1 ∟ -60 -40 -20 20 40 60 80 100 100 -40 60 80 -20 20 40 Temperature () Temperature ()

Typical Electrical and Optical Characteristics Curves

Everlight Electronics Co., Ltd. Document No: DLS-0000001 Rev1 Revision : 1 LifecyclePhase: 正式發行 Approved

http://www.everlight.com Sep. 19, 2007 Release Date:2011-08-30 13:40:46.0

Expired Period: Forever

5



ALS-PT17-51C/L177/TR8

Surface - Mount Ambient Light Sensor

Converting Photocurrent to Voltage



Note:

- 1. The output voltage (Vout) is the product of photocurrent (IPH) and loading resistor (RL)
- 2. A right loading resistor shall be chosen to meet the requirement of maximum ambient light, and output saturation voltage:

Vout(max.) = lout(max.) × RL Vout(saturation) = Vcc - 0.4V

EVERLIGHT

ALS-PT17-51C/L177/TR8

Surface - Mount Ambient Light Sensor

Recommended method of storage Reflow Terms: JEDEC Level 4 Specification

Dry box storage is recommended as soon as the aluminum bag has been opened prevent

1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift might cause big current happen. (Burned-out might happen).

- 2. Storage
 - (1) Do not open moisture proof bag before components are ready to use.
 - (2) Before opening moisture proof bag, components should be kept at 30 or less and 90%RH or less.
 - (3) Components should be used within a year.
 - (4) After opened moisture proof bag, components should be kept at 30 or less and 60%RH or less.
 - (5) Components should be used within 72 hours after opened moisture proof bag.
 - (6) If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the components have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions. (Baking treatment: 60±5 for 24 hours)

ESD Precaution:

Proper storage and handing procedures should be followed to prevent ESD damage to the devices especially when they are removed from the Anti-static bag. Electro-Static Sensitive Devices warning labels are on the packing.



ALS-PT17-51C/L177/TR8

Surface - Mount Ambient Light Sensor

Recommended Solder Profile



Notice:

- (1) Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- (2) When soldering, do not put stress on the devices during heating.
- (3) After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

Soldering Iron

Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 350 for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

Repairing

Repair should not be done after the device have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the device will or will not be damaged by repairing.



Everlight Electronics Co., Ltd. Document No: DLS-0000001 Rev1 Revision : 1 LifecyclePhase: 正式發行 Approved

http:\\www.everlight.com Sep. 19, 2007 Release Date:2011-08-30 13:40:46.0

Expired Period: Forever



Packing Quantity Specification

3000 PCS/ 1 Reel

Label Format



Everlight Electronics Co., Ltd. Document No: DLS-0000001 Rev1 Revision : 1 LifecyclePhase: 正式發行 Approved

Sep. 19, 2007 Release Date:2011-08-30 13:40:46.0

Expired Period: Forever



Tape Dimensions



Tolerance: ± 0.1mm



Note:

- 1. Above specification may be changed without notice. EVERLIGHT will reserve authority on material change for above specification.
- 2. When using this product, please observe the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions for using outlined in these specification sheets. EVERLIGHT assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from use of the product which does not comply with the absolute maximum ratings and the instructions included in these specification sheets.
- 3. These specification sheets include materials protected under copyright of EVERLIGHT corporation. Please don't reproduce or cause anyone to reproduce them without EVERLIGHT's consent.